TEXT OF THE EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

In dealing with the problem of the representation of China, the United Nations should take cognizance of the existence of both the People's Republic of China and the Republic of China and reflect that incontestable reality in the manner by which it makes provision for China's representation. In so doing the United Nations should not be required to take a position on the respective conflicting claims of the People's Republic of China or the Republic of China pending a peaceful resolution of the matter as called for by the Charter.

Thus the People's Republic of China should be represented and at the same time provision should be made that the Republic of China is not deprived of its representation. If it is to succeed in its peacekeeping role and in advancing the well-being of mankind, the United Nations should deal with the question of the representation of China in a just and realistic manner.

Mr. Williams Named Coordinator of U.S. Relief to East Pakistan

Press release 179 dated August 13

Secretary Rogers announced on August 13 that Maurice J. Williams, Deputy Administrator of the Agency for International Development, had been designated to coordinate all United States Government relief assistance to East Pakistan.

Worldwide efforts to avert major famine in East Pakistan and to create conditions which will facilitate the return to East Pakistan of refugees now in India are being directed by the United Nations. United States assistance is being provided through the United Nations.

Last fall, Mr. Williams was appointed head of an Interdepartmental Working Group on East Pakistan Disaster Relief to coordinate relief measures for the areas in East Pakistan stricken by the cyclone disaster of November 1970. The responsibilities of this group are being expanded.

President Nixon on August 11 charged Mr. Williams to give the highest priority to the humanitarian relief program in a massive and all-out effort.

Mr. Williams accompanied Secretary Rogers to New York on August 9 for extensive meetings with United Nations Secretary General U Thant and senior U.N. and specialized agency officials.

The Departments of State and Agriculture and other interested agencies are represented on the interdepartmental working group, as well as AID.

Assistant Secretary Sisco Concludes Visit to Israel

Assistant Secretary for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs Joseph J. Sisco visited Israel July 28-August 6. Following is a statement by Mr. Sisco made at Tel Aviv August 5.

I first want to thank the Israeli Government and the Israeli people for the warm welcome I have received throughout my visit. I have enjoyed this unhurried stay. I leave early tomorrow morning to report to my Government on my talks here on all aspects of Israeli-American relations with your Prime Minister and other officials of the Israeli Government. The talks were practical and concrete in nature and were held in the spirit of openness and friendship.

In particular, I explored with your Government a number of ideas relevant to an interim Suez Canal agreement. This was an in-depth discussion, exploratory in nature. I expected no decisive breakthroughs; none were achieved. We each know more clearly the limits, the possibilities, the perils, and the opportunities which exist in the present situation in the area. While there are differences between the sides still to be resolved, we believe that a practical basis for future progress on an interim Suez Canal agreement can be achieved.

Saturday, August 7, will mark 1 year of ceasefire resulting from an American initiative last year. In this connection, there is one simple

September 6, 1971